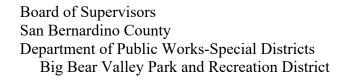
SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS-SPECIAL DISTRICTS BIG BEAR VALLEY PARK AND RECREATION DISTRICT Financial Statements JUNE 30, 2021

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Independent Auditor's Report

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund, of the San Bernardino County-Department of Public Works-Special Districts Big Bear Valley Park and Recreation District (District), a component unit of the San Bernardino County, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the minimum audit requirements and reporting guidelines for California Special Districts required by the Office of the State Controller. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.



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An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the San Bernardino County-Department of Public Works-Special Districts Big Bear Valley Park and Recreation District as of June 30, 2021 and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as well as accounting systems prescribed by the State Controller's Office and state regulations governing special districts.

Other Matters

Prior-Year Comparative Information

We have previously audited the District's 2020 financial statements, and we expressed unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund in our report dated December 30, 2020. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

The financial statements include summarized prior-year comparative information. Such information does not include all of the information required to constitute a presentation in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United Stated of America. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the government's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2020, from which such summarized information was derived.

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Schedules of Pension Plan Contribution and Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 24, 2021, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Ealie and Payre HP November 24, 2021

Riverside, California

SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS-SPECIAL DISTRICTS BIG BEAR VALLEY PARK AND RECREATION DISTRICT Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2021

	2021 Governmental Activities	For Comparative Purposes Only 2020 Governmental Activities
Assets		
Cash and investments	\$ 4,058,062	\$ 6,685,646
Taxes receivable	30,466	64,665
Accounts receivable	-	85,826
Due from other governments	18,775	-
Inventory	83,050	51,574
Capital assets, net of depreciation	20,863,138	18,705,110
Total assets	25,053,491	25,592,821
Deferred outflows of resources		
Pension	1,050,101	560,021
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,050,101	560,021
Liabilities		
Current:		
Accounts payable	255,036	378,745
Retention payable	· -	445,000
Salaries and benefits payable	54,952	125,034
Due to other governments	412,644	603,550
Long-term:		
Note payable	5,500,000	7,000,000
Compensated absences payable	105,575	106,586
Net pension liability	2,132,392	1,488,992
Total liabilities	8,460,599	10,147,907
Deferred inflows of resources		
Pension	98,677	175,734
Total deferred inflows of resources	98,677	175,734
Net position		
Net invesment in capital assets	15,363,138	18,705,110
Restricted for parks and recreation	3,265,058	4,948,316
Unrestricted	(1,083,880)	(7,824,225)
Total net position	\$ 17,544,316	\$ 15,829,201

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Governi	2021 Governmental Activities				
Expenses						
Parks and recreation:						
Salaries and benefits		2,106,004	\$	2,131,852		
Services and supplies	1	,993,175		1,396,062		
Utilities		1,022		-		
Depreciation	-	219,381		205,116		
Total program expenses	4	1,319,582		3,733,030		
Program revenues						
Charges for services	2	2,342,388		1,454,579		
Operating grants and contributions:						
Federal assistance		90,229		80,043		
State assistance		17,586		18,313		
Other charges	1	,110,678		142,445		
Total program revenues	3	3,560,881		1,695,380		
Net program revenues (expenses)		(758,701)		(2,037,650)		
General revenues						
Property taxes	2	2,452,662		2,492,040		
Other taxes		32,501		28,463		
Rents, concessions, and royalties		21,764		63,113		
Investment earnings		(2,756)		187,066		
Interest on long-term debt		(59,238)		-		
Donations		28,883		26,620		
Total general revenues	2	2,473,816		2,797,302		
Transfers						
Transfers to/from the County		_		(180,000)		
Transfers in		42,000		4,536,398		
Transfers out		(42,000)		(4,536,398)		
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		(180,000)		
Change in net position	1	,715,115		579,652		
Net position at beginning of year	15	5,829,201		15,249,549		
Net position at end of year	\$ 17	7,544,316	\$	15,829,201		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

						2021				
	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS				CAPITAL PRO	_				
	General (2580)		Zoo (2582)		Moonridge Animal Park Relocation (3164)			mprovements (3161)	GOV	TOTAL ERNMENTAL FUNDS
Assets							-			
Cash and investments	\$	2,310,125	\$	1,120,322	\$	503,569	\$	124,046	\$	4,058,062
Taxes receivable		30,466		-		-		-		30,466
Accounts receivable		-		-		-		-		-
Due from other governments		18,775		-		-		-		18,775
Inventories		- 2 250 266		83,050				- 124.046		83,050
Total assets		2,359,366		1,203,372		503,569		124,046		4,190,353
Liabilities										
Accounts payable		91,228		137,209		26,599		-		255,036
Retention payable		-		-		-		-		-
Salaries and benefits payable		23,634		31,318		-		-		54,952
Due to other governments		34,094		132,277		241,840		4,433		412,644
Total liabilities		148,956		300,804		268,439		4,433		722,632
Fund balances:										
Nonspendable (inventories) Restricted For:		-		83,050		-		-		83,050
Maintenance of park facilities		2,210,410		819,518		235,130		-		3,265,058
Assigned				-				119,613		119,613
Total fund balances		2,210,410		902,568		235,130		119,613		3,467,721
Total liabilities and										
fund balances	\$	2,359,366	\$	1,203,372	\$	503,569	\$	124,046	\$	4,190,353
Reconciliation of balance sheet of governm	nental f		nt of ne		<u>-</u>		<u>*</u>		<u>*</u>	1,55 1,600
Total fund balance - governmental funds Amounts reported for governmental activities				•	ıse:				\$	3,467,721
Capital assets used in governmental a funds.	activities	are not financial	resourc	es and, therefore	e, are not	reported in the				20,863,138
Deferred outflows of resources, defe plan are not financial resources or du governmental funds.										(1,180,968)
Notes payable are not due and payab governmental funds.	le in the	current period an	nd, there	efore, are not rep	orted in the	he				(5,500,000)
Compensated absences payable are r	ot finan	cial resources an	d are no	t reported in the	governme	ental funds.			ф.	(105,575)
Net position of governmental activities									\$	17,544,316

Balance Sheet (Continued) Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

For Comparative Purposes Only

20	20

		SPECIAL REV	ENUE	FUNDS		CAPITAL PRO	JECTS F	UNDS		
					Moo	nridge Animal				TOTAL
		General		Zoo	Par	k Relocation	Park l	Improvements	GOV	ERNMENTAL
		(2580)		(2582)		(3164)		(3161)		FUNDS
Assets										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,437,703	\$	2,297,893	\$	2,560,590	\$	389,460	\$	6,685,646
Taxes receivable		64,665		-		-		-		64,665
Accounts receivable		40,116		45,710		-		-		85,826
Due from other governments		-		-		-		-		-
Inventories				51,575						51,575
Total assets		1,542,484		2,395,178		2,560,590		389,460		6,887,712
Liabilities										
Accounts payable		22,981		10,961		299,705		45,098		378,745
Retention payable		-		-		445,000		-		445,000
Salaries and benefits payable		68,217		56,817		-		_		125,034
Due to other governments		111,070		49,408		434,202		8,871		603,551
Total liabilities		202,268		117,186		1,178,907		53,969		1,552,330
							-			
Fund balances:										
Nonspendable (inventories)		-		51,575		-		-		51,575
Restricted For:										
Maintenance of park facilities		1,340,216		2,226,417		1,381,683		-		4,948,316
Assigned		-		-				335,491		335,491
Total fund balances		1 240 216		2 277 002		1 201 (02		225 401		5 225 292
Total fund balances		1,340,216		2,277,992		1,381,683		335,491		5,335,382
Total liabilities and										
fund balances	\$	1,542,484	\$	2,395,178	\$	2,560,590	\$	389,460	\$	6,887,712
Day of the last of		C								
Reconciliation of balance sheet of govern	mentai	tunus to statem	ient oi	net position:						
Total fund balance - governmental funds									\$	5,335,382
Amounts reported for governmental activities	s in the s	statement of net	position	are different bec	ause:					
Capital assets used in governmental	activitie	s are not financi	al resour	rces and therefo	re are n	ot reported in				
the funds.	ac tivitic	s are not imaner	ai resou	rees and, merero	ic, are in	ot reported in				
										18,705,110
Deferred outflows of resources, de				-	-	•				
plan are not financial resources or continuous the governmental funds.	lue and p	payable in the cu	rrent pe	riod and, therefor	re, are no	ot reported in				(1.104.505)
Notes payable are not due and paya	hla in th	a annuant maniad	and tha	mafana ana mat na	mantad in	a tha				(1,104,705)
governmental funds.	ole in the	e current periou	anu, me	refore, are not re	ported ii	i tile				
8										(7,000,000)
Compensated absences payable are	not fina	ncial resources a	nd are r	not reported in the	e govern	mental funds.				(7,000,000)
1				1	3					(106,586)
Net position of governmental activities									\$	15,829,201

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	2021									
	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS			ENUE	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS					
		General (2580)		Zoo (2582)		Moonridge Animal Park Relocation (3164)		Park Improvements (3161)		TOTAL ERNMENTAL FUNDS
Revenues										
Property taxes	\$	2,452,662	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,452,662
Other taxes		32,501		-		-		-		32,501
Intergovernmental:		00.220								00.220
Federal assistance State assistance		90,229 17,586		-		-		-		90,229 17,586
Rents, concessions, and royalties		21,363		401		-		-		21,764
Service fees		49,532		2,292,856		_		-		2,342,388
Other charges		1,424		104,456		1,000,010		_		1,105,890
Total revenues		2,665,297	_	2,397,713		1,000,010		_		6,063,020
Total revenues		2,003,277	_	2,371,713	_	1,000,010				0,003,020
Expenditures										
Current - parks and recreation:										
Salaries and benefits		651,572		1,022,276		342,834		14,067		2,030,749
Services and supplies		1,098,982		1,189,019		46,294				2,334,295
Utilities		-		1,022		-		-		1,022
Capital outlay:				ĺ						,
Equipment		21,483		-		-		-		21,483
Improvements to land		4,438		-		1,766,557		196,311		1,967,306
Structures and improvements		-		-		-		47,500		47,500
Debt Service										
Principal		-		1,500,000		-		-		1,500,000
Interest		<u> </u>	_	59,238						59,238
Total expenditures		1,776,475		3,771,555		2,155,685		257,878		7,961,593
04 (
Other financing sources (uses) Investment earnings		(139)		(6,043)		3,426				(2,756)
Sales of assets		4,785		(0,043)		3,420		-		4,785
Donations Donations		18,726		4,461		5,696		_		28,883
Transfers in from/(out to) County		-		-		-		-		-
Transfers in		-		-		_		42,000		42,000
Transfers out		(42,000)		-		-		-		(42,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(18,628)		(1,582)		9,122		42,000		30,912
Net change in fund balances		870,194		(1,375,424)		(1,146,553)		(215,878)		(1,867,661)
Fund balances - beginning		1,340,216		2,277,992		1,381,683		335,491		5,335,382
Fund balances - ending	\$	2,210,410	\$	902,568	\$	235,130	\$	119,613	\$	3,467,721

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	 For Comparative Purposes Only 2020							
	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS			CAPITAL P Fun	_			
	General (2580)		Zoo (2582)	Moonridge Animal Park Relocation (3164)	Park Improvements (3161)		TOTAL ERNMENTAL FUNDS	
Revenues	 							
Property taxes	\$ 2,492,040	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	2,492,040	
Other taxes	28,463		-	-	-		28,463	
Intergovernmental:								
Federal assistance	80,043		-	-	-		80,043	
State assistance	18,313		-	-	-		18,313	
Rents, concessions, and royalties	58,447		2,669	1,997	-		63,113	
Service fees	162,886		1,291,693	-	-		1,454,579	
Other charges	 (4,038)		69,899	76,584			142,445	
Total revenues	 2,836,154	_	1,364,261	78,581			4,278,996	
Expenditures								
Current - parks and recreation:								
Salaries and benefits	1,239,327		934,023	13,363	-		2,186,713	
Services and supplies	976,960		398,227	18,196	-		1,393,383	
Utilities	-		-	-	-		-	
Capital outlay:								
Equipment	-		-	-	-		-	
Improvements to land	-		-	2,862,596	204,243		3,066,839	
Structures and improvements	-		-	-	-		-	
Debt Service								
Principal	-		-	-	-		-	
Interest	 <u>-</u>	_						
Total expenditures	 2,216,287	_	1,332,250	2,894,155	204,243		6,646,935	
Other financing sources (uses)								
Investment earnings	55,286		77,344	54,436	-		187,066	
Sales of assets	-		-	-	-		-	
Donations	9,060		7,560	10,000	-		26,620	
Transfers in from/(out to) County	(180,000)		5,500,000	-	-		5,320,000	
Transfers in	-		-	4,276,398	260,000		4,536,398	
Transfers out	 (536,398)	_	(4,000,000)				(4,536,398)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (652,052)	_	1,584,904	4,340,834	260,000		5,533,686	
Net change in fund balances	 (32,185)		1,616,915	1,525,260	55,757		3,165,747	
Fund balances - beginning	 1,372,401		661,077	(143,577)	279,734		2,169,635	
			2 255 222					

Fund balances - ending

1,340,216

2,277,992

1,381,683

335,491

5,335,382

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		For Comparative Purposes Only
	2021	2020
Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (1,867,661)	\$ 3,165,747
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense was exceeded by capital outlay, net of disposals in the current period.	2,158,028	2,859,044
Pension obligation expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	(76,263)	7,770
Note payable proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds and repayment of the principal of note payable consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. However, neither transaction has any effect on changes in net position. This is the amount of the effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt.	1,500,000	(5,500,000)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Change in compensated absences payable	1,011	47,091
Changes in net position of governmental activities	\$ 1,715,115	\$ 579,652

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Big Bear Valley Park and Recreation conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Reporting Entity

The Big Bear Valley Park and Recreation (the District) was established by an act of the Board of Supervisors of the San Bernardino County (the County) on April 23, 1934. The District maintains nine parks, including a zoo, swim beach, and senior center.

The District is a component unit of the San Bernardino County and is governed by the actions of the County Board of Supervisors.

The accompanying financial statement reflect only the accounts of the Big Bear Valley Park and Recreation District of the San Bernardino County and are not intended to present the financial position of the County taken as a whole.

Because the District meets the reporting entity criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the District's financial statements have also been included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the County as a "component unit" for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (e.g., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the reporting entity. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type* activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Government-wide and fund financial statements (continued)

Separate financial statements are provided from governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Currently, the District does not have any proprietary or fiduciary fund types. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statements presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting* as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible with the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes are considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues in the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The County has established a materiality level for recording year-end accruals. For Special Districts with appropriations of less than \$500,000, individual items of less than \$1,000 are not accrued at year end. For Special Districts with appropriations over \$500,000, individual items of less than \$5,000 are not accrued at year end.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The *special revenue fund* labeled "General" is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statements presentation (continued)

The special revenue fund labeled "Zoo" accounts for the Moonridge Animal Park Zoo.

The *capital project fund* labeled "Moonridge Animal Park Relocation" is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities for the zoo.

The *capital project fund* labeled "Park Improvements" is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities for the Big Bear parks.

Financial reporting is based upon all GASB pronouncements including the Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidelines.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided 2) operating grants and contribution, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Cash and investments

Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from date of acquisition.

Interfund receivables and payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (e.g., the current portion of interfund loans) or advances to/from other funds" (e.g., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds" Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances". Currently, the District has no business-type activities.

Property taxes and receivables

Secured property taxes are levied in two equal installments, November 1 and February 1. They become delinquent with penalties on December 10 and April 10, respectively. The lien date is January 1 of each year. Unsecured property taxes are due on March 1 and become delinquent with penalties on August 31.

All accounts receivable are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles when applicable. No allowance for uncollectibles has been recorded as of June 30, 2021 based on management's expectation that all accounts receivable will be collected through the regular tax roll.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Inventories and prepaid items

Inventories, if any, are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out method. Costs of governmental fund-type inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (for improvements to land and structures and equipment) and have an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Structures with an initial cost of \$100,000 are considered capital assets. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvement are capitalized as projects are constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the government is depreciated using straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Infrastructure	40-60
Structure and improvements	5-40
Equipment and vehicles	4-15

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Fund Equity

The District follows GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. This statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent. The following classification describes the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purpose for which the resources can be used:

- Nonspendable Fund Balance: Amounts cannot be spent because they are: (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Due to the nature or form of the resources, they generally cannot be expected to be converted into cash.
- Restricted Fund Balance: Amounts are restricted by external parties, i.e., creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws/ regulations of other governments or restricted by law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation.
- Committed Fund Balance: Amounts can only be used for a specific purpose pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision making authority (the board of Supervisors). The formal action must occur prior to the end of the reporting period, however, the amount may be determined in the subsequent period. These are self-imposed limitations on available resources. These committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the specified use by taking the same level of action it employed to previously commit those amounts. These committed amounts would be approved and adopted by formal action of the Board.
- Assigned Fund Balance: Amounts are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes that are neither restricted nor committed. The intent will be expressed by the body or official to which the governing body has delegated the authority, i.e., the County Administrative Office. The County Administrative Office will assign fund balance for specific departmental projects though the use of the respective department's general fund savings. Such projects would not normally be feasible for the department without reserving funding over a multiple year period.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Fund Equity (continued)

• Unassigned Fund Balance: The General Fund, as the principal operating fund, often has net resources in excess of what can properly be classified in one of the four categories already described. Therefore, in order to calculate unassigned fund balance, total fund balance less nonspendable, restricted, committed, or assigned equals unassigned fund balances. This amount is available for any purpose and will be placed in either the General Purpose Reserve, General Fund – Mandatory Contingencies or the General Fund – Uncertainties Contingencies until allocated for a specific purpose by the Board, by a four-fifths vote.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use when expenditure is incurred, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. It is the County's policy to consider committed amounts as being reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Employee compensated absences

Accumulated vacation, holiday benefits, sick pay and compensatory time are recorded as an expense and liability as the benefits are earned. Compensated absence liabilities are recorded as a current liability. The District is not obligated to pay for unused sick leave if an employee terminates or retires.

Compensated absences activity for the year ended June 30, 2021 was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending	Due within	LT Comp.
	balance	Additions	Deletions	balance	one year	Absences
Compensated Absences	\$ 106,586	\$ 92,659	\$ (93,670)	105,575	-	105,575

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Stewardship, compliance and accountability

A. Budgetary information

In accordance with provisions of Section 29000-29143 of the Government code of the State of California, commonly known as the County Budget Act, the District prepares and adopts a budget on or before August 30 for each fiscal year. Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The legal level of budgetary control is the object level and the sub-object level for capital assets within each fund.

Amendments or transfers of appropriations between funds or departments must be approved by the Board. Transfers at the sub-object level or cost center level may be done at the discretion of the Special District's Administration Department head. Any deficiency of budgeted revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses is financed by beginning available fund balances as provided for in the County Budget Act.

B. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders, contracts) outstanding at year end do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be reappropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

Deferred Outflows/ Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow or resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the District's plan and additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by SBCERA. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Long-Term Debt and Interest Payable

In the Government-Wide Financial Statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the appropriate activities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are immediately expensed when incurred in the Government-Wide Financial Statements in addition to the Proprietary and Fiduciary Fund Statements in accordance with GASB No. 65. In the Governmental Fund Financial Statements, with the exception of advances from other funds, long-term liabilities are not presented. Consequently, long term debt is shown as a reconciling item in the Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position.

In the Government-Wide Financial Statements, interest payable on long-term debt is recognized as the liability is incurred for governmental activities and business-type activities. In the Fund Financial Statements, only propriety fund types recognize the interest payable when the liability is incurred.

Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

In the Government-Wide Financial Statements, net position are classified in the following categories: *Net Investment in Capital Assets* consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets. Restricted net position is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments. Unrestricted net position is all net position that does not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted net position."

NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments include balances of monies deposited with the County Treasurer which are pooled and invested for the purpose of increasing earnings through investment activities. Interest earned on pooled investments is deposited to the District's account based upon the District's average daily deposit balance during the allocation period. Cash and investments are shown at the fair value as of June 30, 2021. Changes in fair value that occur during a fiscal year are recognized as *investment earnings* reported for that fiscal year. *Investment earnings* reports interest earnings, changes in fair value, and any gains or losses realized upon the liquidation, maturity, or sale of investments. The County's practice is to hold investments until maturity.

See the San Bernardino County's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for details of their investment policy and disclosures related to investment credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk and custodial credit risk, as required by GASB Statement No. 40, and fair value hierarchy disclosures required by GASB Statement No. 72. The San Bernardino County's ACFR may be obtained from their website https://www.sbcounty.gov/ATC/Services/Documents.

NOTE 3: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2021 was as follows:

Governmental activities:

	Beginning							
	Balance			Additions	Deletions	Er	nding Balance	
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							_	
Land	\$	3,521,596	\$	109,501	\$ -	\$	3,631,097	
Development in progress		13,239,710		2,077,853	(268,538)		15,049,025	
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		16,761,306	_	2,187,354	(268,538)	_	18,680,122	
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Improvements to land		2,812,147		437,109	-		3,249,256	
Structures and improvements		2,632,960		-	-		2,632,960	
Vehicle		47,702		-	-		47,702	
Equipment		66,902		21,484	-		88,386	
Total capital assets, being depreciated		5,559,711	_	458,593		_	6,018,304	
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Improvements to land		(1,835,419)		(119,824)	-		(1,955,243)	
Structures and improvements		(1,721,500)		(93,328)	-		(1,814,828)	
Vehicle		(46,574)		(1,128)	-		(47,702)	
Equipment		(12,414)		(5,101)		_	(17,515)	
Total accumulated depreciation		(3,615,907)		(219,381)			(3,835,288)	
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		1,943,804	_	239,212		_	2,183,016	
Total capital assets, net	\$	18,705,110	\$	2,426,566	\$ (268,538)	\$	20,863,138	

NOTE 4: NOTES PAYABLE

Note Payable to CSA 70

The District borrowed \$1,500,000 from CSA 70 on May 24, 2016 to address an immediate funding need associated with the Big Bear Alpine Zoo Relocation Project. The loan is subject to full repayment within a 10-year period plus interest as determined by the County Auditor-Controller/Treasurer/Tax Collector. The loan was paid off as of June 30, 2021.

Note Payable to the County General Fund

The District borrowed \$5,500,000 from the County General Fund on October 8, 2019 to fund the completion of the Big Bear Alpine Zoo Relocation Project and ensure the operational and cash flow stability of the Zoo. This liability is to be repaid, including interest at the Treasurer's Investment Pool rate, over a period not to exceed 30 years commencing upon approval of the loan agreement. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2021 is \$5,500,000.

Debt service payment (principal and interest) is estimated at \$250,000 per year.

NOTE 5: RETIREMENT PLAN

Plan Description. Employees of the District participate in the San Bernardino County's (County) cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit retirement plan (the Plan) administered by the San Bernardino County Employee's Retirement Association (SBCERA). The Plan is governed by the San Bernardino Board of Retirement (Board) under the California County Employees' Retirement Law of 1937 (CERL) and the California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act of 2013 (PEPRA). The Plan's authority to establish and amend the benefit terms are set by the CERL and PEPRA, and may be amended by the California state legislature and in some cases require approval by the San Bernardino County Board of Supervisors and/or the SBCERA Board. SBCERA issues a stand-alone financial report, which may be obtained by contacting the Board of Retirement, 348 W. Hospitality Lane, 3rd Floor, San Bernardino, California 92415-0014.

Benefits Provided. SBCERA provides retirement, disability, death and survivor benefits. SBCERA administers the Plan which provides benefits for two membership classifications, General and Safety, and those benefits are tiered based upon date of SBCERA membership. Safety membership is extended to those involved in active law enforcement and fire suppression. All other members, including the District's employees, are classified as General members. Generally, those who become members prior to January 1, 2013 are Tier 1 members. All other members are Tier 2. An employee who is appointed to a regular position, whose service is greater than fifty percent of the full standard of hours required are members of SBCERA, and are provided with pension benefits pursuant to Plan requirements.

NOTE 5: RETIREMENT PLAN (continued)

The CERL and PEPRA establish benefit terms. Retirement benefits for the General Tier 1 and General Tier 2 Plans are calculated on the basis of age, average final compensation and service credit as follows:

	General – Tier 1	General – Tier 2	
Final Average Compensation	Highest 12 months	Highest 36	
		consecutive months	
Normal Retirement Age	Age 55	Age 55	
Fauly Detinaments Vegus of samples	Age 70 any years	Age 70 any years	
Early Retirement: Years of service	10 years age 50	5 years age 52	
required and/or eligible for	30 years any age	N/A	
	2% per year of final	At age 67, 2.5% per	
	average	year of final	
Benefit percent per year of service	compensation for	average	
for normal retirement age	every year of	compensation for	
	service credit	every year of	
		service credit	
Benefit Adjustments	Reduced before age	Reduced before age	
	55, increased after	67	
	55 up to age 65		
Final Average Compensation	Internal Revenue	Government Code	
Limitation	Code Section	Section 7522.10	
	401(a)(17)		

Contributions. Participating employers and active members, including the District and the District's employees, are required by statute to contribute a percentage of covered salary to the Plan. This requirement is pursuant to Government Code Sections 31453.5 and 31454, for participating employers and Government Code Sections 31621.6, 31639.25 and 7522.30 for active members. The contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the SBCERA Board pursuant to Article 1 of the CERL, which is consistent with the Plan's actuarial funding policy. The contribution rates are adopted yearly, based on an annual actuarial valuation, conducted by an independent actuary, that requires actuarial assumptions with regard to mortality, expected future service (including age at entry into the Plan, if applicable and tier), and compensation increases of the members and beneficiaries. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits for employees that are allocated during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Participating employers may pay a portion of the active members' contributions through negotiations and bargaining agreements.

Employee contribution rates for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 ranged between 9.50% and 15.77% for Tier 1 General members and was 9.09% for Tier 2 General members.

NOTE 5: RETIREMENT PLAN (continued)

Employer contribution rates for fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 were 25.84% and 23.32% for Tier 1 and Tier 2, respectively.

Actuarial Assumptions and Discount Rates

See the San Bernardino County's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for details of actuarial assumptions and discount rates for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense/Benefit, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a liability of \$2,132,392 which represents 20.60% of the San Bernardino County Special District's proportionate share of the County's net pension liability. The District's proportion was allocated based on FY 2021 total salaries and benefits relative to the total salaries and benefits of the San Bernardino County Special Districts as a whole.

The San Bernardino County Special District's proportionate share of the County's net pension liability was based on its contributions to the pension plan relative to the County's contributions for FY 2020 as a whole. The County's net pension liability was allocated by SBCERA based on the actual employer contributions in each cost group.

The Plan's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020 based upon the results of an actuarial valuation as of the same date. Plan fiduciary net position and the total pension liability were valued as of the measurement dates.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Plan as of the measurement date, calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or 1 percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

1% Decrease	Curre	ent Discount	1% Increase			
(6.25%)	Ra	te (7.25%)		(8.25%)		
\$ 3,301,179	\$	2,132,392	\$	1,175,349		

Pension expense recognized amounted to \$76,263 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

NOTE 5: RETIREMENT PLAN (continued)

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate (continued)

At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred Inflows
of Resources**
\$ 98,677

^{*} Total deferred outflows includes change in assumptions, change in proportion and differences between share of contributions, and contributions after measurement date.

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, resulting from the District's contributions to the plan subsequent to the measurement date of \$272,869, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the following year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in future pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30),	
2022	\$	135,777
2023		190,695
2024		172,998
2025		148,712
2026		30,373
Total	\$	678,555

^{**} Total deferred inflows includes differences in expected and actual expense, and net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments.

NOTE 6: RISK MANAGEMENT

The County has self-insurance programs for public liability, property damage, unemployment insurance, employee dental insurance, hospital and medical malpractice liability, environmental liability, and workers' compensation claims. Public liability claims are self-insured for up to \$3.0 million per occurrence. Excess insurance coverage over the Self-Insured Retention (SIR) up to \$50 million is provided through a combination of insurance policies as recommended by Alliant Insurance Services Inc., Insurance Broker through CSAC-EIA (California State Association of Counties – Excess Insurance Authority), as follows: Primary liability coverage \$25 million excess of \$3 million self-insured retention with QBE Insurance, Munich Reinsurance America, Inc., Markel Corp., Great American Ins., Brit Global Specialty USA, and Lloyd's of London ANNV syndicate. Excess liability coverage for \$10 million, excess of \$25 million with Brit Global Specialty USA and Great American Ins. Company. Allied World Assurance Co. (AWAC) provides excess liability coverage of \$15 million, excess of \$35 million. In addition, the actuary has recommended that the County maintains a \$24 million reserve to cover SIR exposure for auto and general liability programs. No settlements related to these programs have exceeded insurance coverage in the last three years.

The Workers' Compensation program continued under CSAC-EIA Excess Workers' Compensation Program with a policy of \$2 million SIR and statutory limits with Great American Insurance Co., ACE American Insurance Co., and Liberty Insurance Corporation. Property damage claims are insured on an occurrence basis over a \$25 thousand deductible, and insured through CSAC-EIA and reinsured with Lexington Insurance Co. and with several insurers/reinsurers like AWAC, Ironshore, Partner RE, and Lloyd's of London, among others.

The County supplements its self-insurance for medical malpractice claims with a \$25 million policy (\$35 million aggregate) with BETA Risk Management Authority, which provides annual coverage on a claims made basis with a SIR of \$1 million for each claim.

Environmental claims are expected to occur infrequently, but have the potential to be expensive when they do occur. The County has experienced only two significant environmental liability claims since it began self-insuring this exposure in 1983. Given that environmental liability is an extremely volatile coverage, which is characterized by low frequency and high severity, the County has taken a conservative stance, as recommended by the actuary, by setting aside a minimum of \$10 million to cover future environmental liability claims.

All public officials and County employees are insured under a blanket Comprehensive Disappearance, Destruction, and Dishonesty policy covering County monies and securities, with Berkley Regional Insurance Co. with a \$100 thousand deductible, and excess limits up to \$10 million per occurrence.

NOTE 6: RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

The activities related to such programs are accounted for in the Risk Management Department's internal service funds ("Funds"), except for unemployment insurance, and employee dental insurance, which are accounted for in the General Fund. The liabilities recorded in these Funds are based on the results of actuarial studies and include amounts for allocated and unallocated loss adjustment expenses. The liabilities for these claims are reported using a discounted rate of 1.392% and an actuarially-determined 80% confidence level. It is the County's practice to obtain actuarial studies on an annual basis.

See the San Bernardino County's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for details of their claims liability in accordance with GASB Statement No. 10, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues*, at June 30, 2021.

NOTE 7 TRANSFERS IN/OUT

Interfund transfers are transactions used to close out a fund, reimburse an opening fund, and transfer cash between operating funds and capital projects funds. At June 30, 2021, the District made the following interfund in and out.

	Tra	nsfers In	_		
		Park	_		
	Imp	rovements			
Transfers Out		(3161)	Total		
General (2580)	\$	42,000	\$	42,000	
Total	\$	42,000	\$	42,000	

NOTE 8: CONTINGENCIES

As of June 30, 2021, in the opinion of the District Administration, there are no outstanding matters, which would have a significant effect on the financial position of the District.

NOTE 9: RECLASSIFICATION

Net investment in capital assets was restated to reduce the amount of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation by outstanding debt of \$5,500,000 attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets. Unrestricted net position was increased by the same amount. Total net position and change in net position are unchanged due to these reclassifications.

NOTE 10: RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

During March 2020, a global pandemic was declared by the World Health Organization related to the rapidly growing outbreak of a novel strain of coronavirus (COVID-19). The pandemic has significantly impacted the economic conditions in the U.S., accelerating through the rest of 2020 and 2021, as federal, state, and local government react to the public health crisis, creating significant uncertainties in the U.S. economy. These uncertainties could negatively impact the District's operations and financial results.

NOTE 11: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through November 24, 2021, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. No events occurred through this date requiring disclosure.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS-SPECIAL DISTRICTS BIG BEAR VALLEY PARK AND RECREATION DISTRICT

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Special Revenue Funds (General) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS						
	General (2580)						
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
Revenues							
Property taxes	\$ 2,397,000	\$2,397,000	\$2,452,662	\$ 55,662			
Other taxes	30,000	30,000	32,501	2,501			
Intergovernmental:							
Federal assistance	74,000	74,000	90,229	16,229			
State assistance	18,000	18,000	17,586	(414)			
Other Assistance	6,000	6,000	-	(6,000)			
Rents, concessions, and royalties	50,000	50,000	21,363	(28,637)			
Service fees	225,000	225,000	49,532	(175,468)			
Other charges	1,300	1,300	1,424	124			
Total revenues	2,801,300	2,801,300	2,665,297	(136,003)			
Expenditures Current - parks and recreation:							
Salaries and benefits	1,558,160	1,558,160	651,572	906,588			
Services and supplies	1,088,140	1,083,640	1,098,982	(15,342)			
Capital outlay:							
Vehicles	30,000	30,000	-	30,000			
Equipment	-	25,000	21,483	3,517			
Improvements to land		4,500	4,438	62			
Total expenditures	2,676,300	2,701,300	1,776,475	924,825			
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	125,000	100,000	888,822	788,822			
Other financing sources (uses)							
Investment earnings	25,000	25,000	(139)	(25,139)			
Sale of assets	-	-	4,785	4,785			
Donations	-	-	18,726	18,726			
Transfer out	(272,000)	(314,000)	(42,000)	272,000			
Total other financing sources (uses)	(247,000)	(289,000)	(18,628)	270,372			
Net change in fund balances	\$ (122,000)	\$ (189,000)	870,194	\$ 1,059,194			
Fund balance - beginning Fund balance - ending			1,340,216 \$2,210,410				

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS-SPECIAL DISTRICTS BIG BEAR VALLEY PARK AND RECREATION DISTRICT

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Special Revenue Funds (Zoo) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS								
	Zoo (2582)								
		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues		Buager		Suager		- Io taar	1 0510	ive (riegative)	
Rents, concessions, and royalties	\$	1,200	\$	1,200	\$	401	\$	(799)	
Service fees	2	2,225,386	2	2,317,086		2,292,856		(24,230)	
Other assistance		10,000	10,000		-			(10,000)	
Other revenue		30,000	30,000		104,456			74,456	
Total revenues		2,266,586	2	2,358,286		2,397,713		39,427	
Expenditures									
Current - parks and recreation:									
Salaries and benefits		1,275,505	1	,155,305	1	,022,276		133,029	
Services and supplies		911,081	1	,122,981	1	,189,019		(66,038)	
Utilities		1,000		1,000		1,022		(22)	
Debt Service									
Principal		255,000	1	,755,000	1	,500,000		255,000	
Interest		-		150,000		59,238		90,762	
Total expenditures	2	2,442,586	4	,184,286	3	3,771,555		412,731	
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(176,000)	(1	,826,000)	(1	,373,842)		452,158	
Other financing sources (uses)									
Investment earnings	\$	25,000	\$	25,000	\$	(6,043)	\$	(31,043)	
Donations		1,000		1,000		4,461	\$	3,461	
Transfers in from County		150,000		150,000		_	,	(150,000)	
Total other financing sources(uses)		176,000		176,000		(1,582)		(177,582)	
Net change in fund balances	\$		\$(1	,650,000)	(1	,375,424)	\$	274,576	
Fund balance - beginning Fund balance - ending					\$	2,277,992 902,568			